







**Snow Storm.**—Winter evinces a tendency of the which is certainly very striking, and not easily understood with eighteen inches of snow in the streets, to any of the kind of drifts seen on the side walks, &c. It snowed almost incessantly from 6 o'clock Saturday evening to about the same hour last evening.

The several churches were mostly deserted, thirty or forty being the maximum of attendance at most of them, and in some instances the evening service was omitted.

At sunrise the thermometer was at 28, and a keen westerly wind, with the snow clear earth, is suggestive of anything but the "blowy Spring" of which poets sometimes tell us.

**Insurance.**—Several Insurance Companies in New York having lost heavily by the burning of property belonging to Jews, have decided hereafter to insure no one of that faith. At this the Jews are naturally indignant and a committee has been appointed to inquire into the matter. The fact itself speaks badly for the reputation of the men of that creed.

**General Assembly.**—The General Assembly having completed its business has adjourned. Speaker Van Zandt has returned to Newport and appears in his office as large as life. We shall publish the closing proceedings of the General Assembly to-morrow.

**Saint Patrick's Day.**—The programme for the celebration of this festival of the Catholic Church is being carried out notwithstanding the hard state of the walking, and the several organizations turn out in good numbers and make good appearance.

**Court of Justices.**—Monday February 18.—Before Justice Topham.—John Hughes, for traveling, was fined \$8 and costs.

Matthew McMahon, for keeping open Sunday \$5 and costs.

Patrick and Lawrence Ryan, for keeping open Sunday, each \$5 and costs.

**The Liquor Law.**—For another column may be found a very clear and accurate exposition of the new liquor law which cannot be understood by the ordinary reader in the absence of such an analysis. It will doubtless be read with interest, as there is a general desire to understand its provisions. We have also in hand a severe criticism of the law from one of our leading temperance men which will appear to-morrow.

**The Old Corvix.** due here at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, arrived at about 7 last evening, and the Empire State left for New York about the same hour.

**Supreme Court.**—The Supreme Court will commence its March term at the State House to-morrow morning.

#### The New Liquor Law.

The new liquor law recently passed by the General Assembly is among the most important of their acts and is a matter of more than ordinary public interest; and, although we have already published the law in due course among the proceedings of the Assembly, yet, in order to a more perfect understanding of its provisions and intent, we propose to give our readers herein an explanatory analysis, showing its bearing upon, and relation to previous enactments on the same subject, which are only alluded to in a technical form in the latter of the law already published. In order to do this understandingly, it will be necessary to present a concise statement of some of the previous legislation in this State for the regulation or restraint of the liquor traffic.

In May, 1852, the General Assembly in obedience to the then declared public opinion, passed an Act entitled "An Act for the Suppression of Drinking Houses and Lipping Shops." This was a strictly prohibitory law, and was modeled after the famous Maine Law of Neal Dow. This, it must be borne in mind, now stands among the Revised Statutes of the State as Chapter 73, but was rendered inoperative in 1863, by the passage of a license law.

After indifferent success in enforcing the prohibitory law, from various causes, some five years subsequent to its passage, the Legislature passed what may be termed a Supplemental Act, entitled "An Act for the Suppression of Nuisances," and generally known as the "Nuisance Act." It made all places used for the illegal sale of liquor, prostitution or gambling, or for the resort of idle, dissolute, noisy or disorderly persons—nuisances and indictable as such; and for the existence of these nuisances, landlords and tenants were both made liable, and held also responsible for their abatement.

It went beyond the stringency of the prohibitory law of '52, inasmuch as it provided that to maintain a complaint brought under it, it was not necessary to prove a sale; but the presence of the implements and appurtenances usually used in grog-shops or tipping houses, and the notorious character of the persons visiting them, were sufficient, in proof, for conviction and punishment. This Act stands among the Revised Statutes as Chapter 73. The operation of this law, also, was modified by the passage of the license law of '63.

Further legislation on this subject was had in the passage of an Act entitled an Act "Of Licensed Houses." This Act empowered the different towns of the State to require through their municipal boards, all keepers of taverns, retailing houses, oyster houses, &c., to take out a license and to give a bond of \$100 with sureties that they would not sell liquor or allow it to be sold on their premises, or harbor idle, dissolute or disorderly persons, &c., under a penalty of fifty dollars. This law is still extant and is Chapter 77 of the Revised Statutes.

In the year 1868, owing to a considerable pressure brought to bear upon them from certain quar-

ters, the Legislature passed an Act, entitled "An Act to Regulate and Restrict the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors." This was a license law and repealed the Act of '53, [Chapter 73], known as the prohibitory or Maine law; and so modified the other two as to allow of the sale of liquor in any quantities, under a license, with certain conditions and liabilities. This is Chapter 444 of the Revised Statutes.

The operation of this last named law being deemed promotive of an increase of intemperance among the people, the friends of the cause of Temperance earnestly and generally petitioned the Legislature at its recent session for a repeal of the license law and a return to the prohibitory law.—The Legislature granted the prayer of the petitioners so far as to repeal the license law of '63, [Chapter 444], and passed in its stead, not a prohibitory law entirely, but a very stringent license law which is now to be the law of the State on this subject.

The following is an analysis of its provisions, as finally passed:

Section First continues in force, the license granted under the law of '63, and provides for the prosecution of all forfeitures and penalties under them as though the Act still remained, until these said licenses shall expire.

Section Second places the power to grant licenses, discretionarily with the town Councils of the several towns and boards of aldermen of the cities of Newport and Providence—each license to run a year and no sales to be allowed to be made to females, minors, or persons of intemperate habits. As a guarantee against any violation of the conditions of the license, a bond of one thousand dollars to be given by each licensed person, to the town or city treasurer, with satisfactory sureties. It provides, also, that the amount paid by any person taking out a license may be from two hundred dollars to five hundred, according to the discretion of the town council or boards of aldermen—one half of which shall go into the town or city treasury granting the license and one half into the treasury of the State.

Section Third contains the penal provisions that if any licensed person shall be guilty of a violation of this Act in any of its parts, his bond shall be put in suit and the amount of it forfeited and recovered to the use of the town or city in which it was given. Also, that if any licensed person allows his place to become disorderly, to the disturbance of the neighborhood, or permits gaming to be carried on therein, or knowingly allows any of the laws of the State to be violated, he shall be summoned and heard before the Council, or board of Aldermen, and if the charges shall be proven against him, his license shall be revoked, and he shall be made to suffer the penalties prescribed by statute for the offences which he allows to be committed on his premises.

Section Four revives the Act mentioned and explained above, including the old prohibitory law Chapter 78, the "Nuisance Act," Chapter 73, and that on "Licensed House," Chapter 77, except so far as they are modified by the provisions of the license law.

Section Five is an additional penal provision making a person convicted a second time of a violation of this Act liable to be imprisoned for a term not less than three months nor more than one year.

Section Six consolidates the Sheriffs of the several counties a State Police with police powers to see that the laws for the suppression and prevention of crime, the suppression of unlicensed liquor shops, gambling houses and houses of ill fame are enforced.

Sections Seven and Eight provide for the amount and manner of the pay of the above named officers while on duty under this Act.

Section Nine directs the Secretary of State to furnish certified copies of the law, &c.

Section Ten is a severance clause and provides that upon complaint and such evidence as would probably justify an indictment under the "Nuisance Act," [Chapter 73], it shall be the duty of the proper police appointed to the execution of this law to seize all intoxicating liquors found on the premises so complained of, and hold the same until a trial can be had before a Grand Jury of the County wherein such seizure is made. It is made the duty of the Attorney General to proceed against them at the next meeting of the Court in the County, according to the usual forms of law. This is similar to the seizure clause of the prohibitory law, [Chapter 73], though more stringent, and may be deemed as supplemental to the "Nuisance Act."

#### DIED.

In Middletown, R. I., on Saturday, March 15, Mrs. Elizabeth Caswell, wife of Robert Caswell, aged 69 years. The funeral will take place on Wednesday, March 20th at one and a half o'clock, from the M. E. Church in Middletown.

#### Bryant, Stratton & Co

PROVIDENCE  
BUSINESS COLLEGE,  
217 Westminster Street.

Open day and evening for instruction in BOOKKEEPING, PENMANSHIP, ARITHMETIC, COMMERCIAL LAW, AND ENGLISH BRANCHES.

WE offer such advantages no other school in the city can offer. Our rooms are pleasantly located, commodious, well heated, well lighted, and well ventilated. Students can enter at any time. A Schoolship secures instruction both day and evening. Time unlimited. Terms reasonable. For all information call at our office or send for circular.

#### FURNITURE.

J. L. AND G. A. HAZARD.

Manufacturers and dealers in first class furniture of all descriptions at

No. 23 Church Street.

TURNING, CARVING AND UPHOLSTERY in every style on short notice.

Mattresses, &c., &c.

Original drawings and plans furnished and every thing warranted.

March 15

PAMBOURINES at

Feb 25

83 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL BARN ON PLANNING MILL LOT ON Tanager Street, to be removed. Apply to the Mill. March 12-14

## Latest News

#### ADDITIONAL CABLE NEWS.

**A Foul Outbreak Approached in Liverpool.**

#### THE TROUBLES OF TURKEY.

**THE FENIANS.**  
LONDON, March 16.—Noon.—Large bodies of troops have been sent to Liverpool to preserve the peace, a rising of the Irish in that city being apprehended.

A large number of Fenians have been captured in various parts of Ireland, and many of them committed for high treason.

**THE EASTERN QUESTION.**  
LONDON, March 16.—Noon.—The Serbian question has been settled. Earl Derby says officially that the forces of the Sublime Porte are to leave Belgrade, the Serbian capital city, and that the country will be peacefully free. The authority of the Turks there will be merely nominal.

Lord Lyons, the Ambassador of Great Britain at Constantinople, writes that Turkey will hasten the reforms in favor of the Christians in Omdia, and elsewhere in her dominions.

**VIENNA, March 16.**—Despatches received from the south announce that the Turkish forces have been successful in a battle with the rebels in Thessaly.

**PARIS, March 16.**—General Castelnau, aide-de-camp to the Emperor Napoleon, who a short time ago was ordered on a special mission to the city of Mexico to confer with Marshal Hurez and the Emperor Maximilian on Mexican affairs, has returned to Paris.

**PASSAGE OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.**  
WASHINGTON, March 17, 1867.

The Supplementary Reconstruction bill reported by Judge Trumbull from the Judiciary committee on Wednesday last as a substitute for the bill which had been passed by the House was passed by the Senate on Saturday night, at quarter before twelve, by a vote of thirty-eight yeas to two nays.

**CABLE DISPATCHES.**  
DUBLIN, March 17.—The fears that the Fenians would attempt another rising to-day have not been realized. Dispatches from all parts of Ireland report that the country is quiet. Frequent arrests are made by the police in the disaffected districts.

**LIVERPOOL, March 17.**—No disturbance was created here by Fenians to-day, as was anticipated, and the city is entirely tranquil.

**LONDON, March 17.**—The Reform bill, which is to be brought into Parliament by the Government to-morrow, will give the right of suffrage to rate paying after two years residence, to men paying one pound yearly taxes, or having thirty pounds in a savings bank, or fifty pounds in the funds, and to all members of the learned professions and graduates of Universities. The bill also provides for a fifteen-pound franchise in another.

#### FOR SALE.

**A NEW HOUSE** now in process of completion on Whitfield Court; said house is three stories with addition for kitchen and servants' room; also basement well finished. The house can be sold as it now stands and finished by purchaser, or will be completed for the coming season. For terms apply to  
**ALBERT HAMMETT,**  
at Hammett's Lumber Yard, 281 Thames st.  
March 2

#### FOR SALE.

**THE S. F. GARDNER** estate, next South of Perry Mill, extending from Thames street to the water, the best location in the city for business; now occupied by the subscriber as a lumber yard, and the house by Dr. Newton. For terms apply to  
**ALBERT HAMMETT,**  
at Hammett's Lumber Yard 281 Thames st.  
March 2

#### SILK HATS.

**THE SPRING STYLE OF SILK HATS ARE NOW** ready at  
March 8

#### HATS & CAPS.

**A NEW STOCK OF SPRING STYLES OF HATS & CAPS,** for Men and Boys. Just received at  
**SEABURY'S.**

#### NOTICE.

**THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR CLOTHING** Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods, is at  
**J. F. SEABURY'S,**  
110 Thames Street.  
March 11

#### CHEAP SALE

For Cash Only.

Summer and Spring Worsteds Goods,

French Lawns,

French Prints,

Woolen Hose,

Men's Half Hosiery,

Madder Prints,

Reams Print.

All goods will be sold Cheap enough.

Also two cases remnants lawn at 8 cts., per yd

Also, Beltings,

Ribbons and

Old Fashioned Embroidery.

FRANCIS LAWTON.

March 12

IMITATION

CORAL SETTS

and more

**BOGWOOD JEWELRY**

just received at

**J. MARSHALL HALL'S,**

116 Thames Street.

March 12

**ASSESSMENT.**

**Providence Mutual Fire Insurance**

Company.

THE Board of Directors having ordered an assess-

ment to be made on the 1st of March, 1867, the

notice is hereby given that it will be received at our

office, No. 130 THAMES STREET, every day

(Sundays excepted) from Friday March 1st, to Sat-

urday March 30th, inclusive.

**HENRY BULL & CO., Agents.**

Newport, R. I., Feb. 25th, 1867.

125 to 130

#### FOR SALE.

A GOOD WORK HORSE, a Light Top Buggy,

a good Barouche, and a Hay Rack, for sale.

**WILLIAM ALDERSON & SON,**  
Newport, R. I.

#### DRY GOODS

**NEW CORSETS.**

**WOVEN & DAY STATE CORSETS IN COLOR.**

ed and White all sizes at

**J. H. HAMMETT'S**

28 Thames Street.

**Spring Styles of Hoop Skirts.**

**BON TON AND OTHER MAKES OF HOOP**

Skirts, at

**J. H. HAMMETT'S**

28 Thames Street.

**Furnishing Goods.**

**COUNTERPAINS, Damascus, Napkins, Towels,**

Doylies, Dispers, Crash, &c., &c., at

**J. H. HAMMETT'S**

28 Thames Street.

**Views of Newport.**

**AN entire new series of NEWPORT VIEWS,**

of Eleven Kinds, from Photographs by Gil-

lilly & Lecky. Engraved by T. Nelson & Sons,

Edinburgh and New York. Just received and for

sale by

**CHARLES E. HAMMETT, Jr.**

at

**LEA & PERRINS'**

**CELEBRATED**

**WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.**

**PRONOUNCED BY**

**CONNOISSEURS**

**TO BE THE**

**ONLY GOOD SAUCE**

**AND APPLICABLE TO**

**EVERY VARIETY**

**OF**

**DISH**

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled

condiment having caused many unprincipled de-

alers to apply the name to inferior imitations, the

Public is respectfully and earnestly requested to see

that the name of LEA & PERRINS are upon the

WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE

Manufactured by

**LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.**

**JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS**

**NEW YORK,**

**AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,**

Oct 16 1875

**ANOTHER NEW BURNER.**

**Light House Burner**

**AND**

**Oil Saver.**

With Glass Cylinder and Cone.

This Burner will give more light and burn less oil

than any other in use.

**That Patent Kerosene Burner and**

**Extinguisher,**

Gives Great Satisfaction for

**Safety and Brilliance.**

**LUBRICATING OIL** for machinery for 75 cents a

gallon.

**BURNING FLUID** for Packed Lamps for 70 cents a

gallon.

**KEROSENE OIL.** A good article for 65 cents per

gallon.

**A. C. LANDER'S,**

118 Thames st., foot of Mary

March 14

**STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, &c.**

**GRAND JURY'S OFFICE,**

Newport, January 30, 1867.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the TRAVELLERS

INSURANCE COMPANY of Providence, R. I.,

did by a vote of the stockholders at a meeting

held on the 26th day of December, 1866,

at their office in the City of Providence, decide to

relinquish its business; and application has been

made by the President and Secretary of said Com-

pany, for the Bonds deposited in this office for the

benefit of the policy-holders of said Company.

**GEORGE W. FITCH,**

General Treasurer.

Court of Probate, Newport,

March 11th, 1867.

**UPON** the application in writing of Feleg T.

Sherrman, reporting that upon the applica-

tion of Jonathan R. Gardner, their Court on the 4th

day of March in last, appointed Henry N. Ward of

Newport Administrator on the estate of

**WILLIAM DEAN,**

late of Newport deceased, intestate, and that said

Henry N. Ward refuses to qualify himself by giving

bond, that the said Feleg T. Sherrman is the chief

creditor of said estate and prays that he or some

other eligible person may be appointed administrator

on the estate of said William Dean; and the same

is referred and referred to Monday the 23rd

